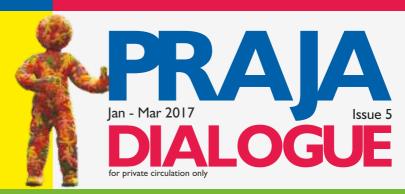




In This Issue

State of Policing and Law & Order in Delhi



Big Story

The central government which is in charge of policing in Delhi has promised along with state government to take steps to protect the citizens of Delhi but most of the promises like, Adequate street lights were promised, so that women feel safer in their streets, Last Mile connectivity by making public transport feasible, etc are not fulfilled. Six rapes, nearly two murders and 215 burglary/theft and robbery, every day is the abysmal state of law and order in Delhi. The people are losing faith in the state to give them protection, our household survey of over 29,950 households' shows that 60% of the population does not feel safe in Delhi 67% feel that Delhi is not safe for women, children and senior citizens, and 64% do not feel safe traveling within Delhi. Also shocking is the fact that 25% of people who have faced a crime have not informed the police because they do not have faith in the police and the legal system.

The dismal interest of Delhi's MPs (Members of Parliament) is very evident, the recommended State Security Commission (SSC) mechanism, is yet to be formed.

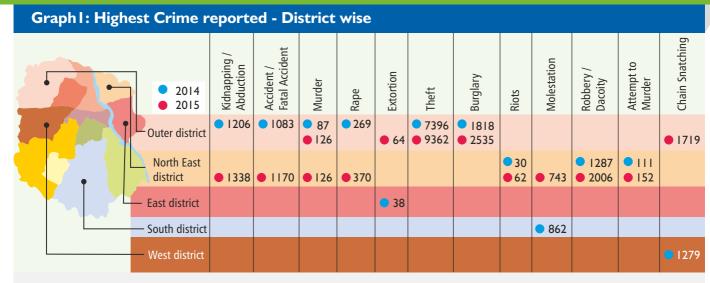
How long will this go on? What will it take for the Government to act? We need to pressurise this Government to implement the long standing recommendations of the Supreme Court on Police Reform. We need to see our Elected Representatives taking active and constant interest in on issues of Law and Order. Till this is not done we will continue to see a slide towards lawlessness in Delhi.

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

- 6 rapes, 2 murders, 215 burglary/theft & robbery a
- 60% Delhiites feel insecure
- 67% of people do not feel secure for women, children and senior citizens in one's locality
- · North East Delhi has the highest reported occurrences (743) in Molestation of Women
- Only 10 questions asked on crime by MPs during Monsoon 2015 to Budget 2016.

Table 1: Crimes reported in Delhi					
Specific Crimes Reported	2014	2015	% Increase 2014 to 2015		
Murder (Sec.302)	554	640	16%	Rape has increased by 13% while molestation of women has	
Attempt to Murder (Sec.307)	757	835	10%		
Rape (Sec.376)	2075	2338	13%		
Molestation (Sec.354,354A,B,C,D)	4717	4347	-8%		
Riots (Sec.147-151,153A)	153	179	17%	decreased by 8% from 2014	
Kidnapping / Abduction (Sec.363-369,364A)	7187	7940	10%	to 2015. 16% and 17%	
Burglary (Day and Night) (Sec.454,457)	10282	13577	32%		
Chain Snatching (Sec.356)	7170	4729	-34%		
Robbery / Dacoity (Sec.392-395,397,398)	6470	8607	33%	Riot in last one year. Robbery / Dacoity has	
Accident / Fatal Accident (Sec. 279 with 337,338 or 304A)	8277	8637	4%		
Theft (Sec.379 to 381)	51860	56192	8%	increased by	
Extortion (Sec.384-389)	236	285	21%	33%.	





Highest number of rape (370), murder (126), attempt to murder (152) and kidnapping / abduction (1338) happened in North East District in 2015. Maximum number of cases of molestation of women, 743 also happened in North East District in 2015 which is less than maximum cases, 862 in South District in 2014. Highest number of cases happened in Delhi, registered in 2015 were of theft (56,192).

Survey Statistics showing Percentage of people who feel unsafe in Delhi

- 69% residents of South Delhi feel insecure
- 60% of Delhi are concerned about safety, in Mumbai 29% feels the same
- 67% feels women, children and senior citizen are unsafe in Delhi while only 33% in Mumbai have this concern
- 64% Delhiite feel insecure while travelling whereas only 31% Mumbaikar feels the same
- Only 29% of Delhiites feel satisfied with police while 64% of Mumbaikars feel satisfied
- 26% respondents don't have faith in Police, while only 13% have this view in Mumbai

Table 2: Designation wise number of Police Personnel sanctioned and working (as of Mar 2016)

Designation					
Commissioner of Police (C.P.)	1	1	0	0%	Sanctioned
Special Commissioner of Police	10	13	3	30%	_
Joint Commissioner of Police (Jt. C.P.)	20	21	1	5%	Working in
Additional Commissioner of Police (Addl. C.P.)	19	8	-11	-58%	Mar'16
Deputy Commissioner of Police (D.C.P.)	53	49	-4	-8%	
Additional Deputy Commissioner of Police (Addl. C.P.)	54	29	-25	-46%	Difference
Assistant Commissioner of Police (A.C.P.)	348	270	-78	-22%	between
Police Inspector (P.I.)	1350	1323	-27	-2%	Sanctioned and Working(Mar'16)
Police Sub - Inspector (P.S.I.)	6111	5587	-524	-9%	_
Assistant Police Sub-Inspector (A.S.I)	6752	6707	-45	-1%	0/ D:"
Head Constable (H.C.)	20841	18971	-1870	-9%	% Difference between
Police Constable (P.C.)	46819	43258	-3561	-8%	Sanctioned and
Total Police Force	82378	76237	-6141	-7%	Working

Apart from Special Commissioner of Police which has 30% and Joint C.P has increased 5% more working personnel than sanction every other designation is under staff like Additional Commissioner of Police (Addl. C.P.) has shortfall of 58% even Police Sub - Inspector (P.S.I.) is working with 9% less staff. Overall, the current police force has a 7% shortfall of personnel in Delhi.



Table 3: Number of question asked on crime issues during the Budget session 2014 to **Budget session 2016**

	No. of questions as	ked on crime issues	Total questions		
Name of MPs	Budget 2014 to Budget 2015	Monsoon 2015 to Budget 2016	Budget 2014 to Budget 2015	Monsoon 2015 to Budget 2016	
Meenakshi Lekhi	I	2	105	101	
Maheish Girri	4	4	127	109	
Manoj Tiwari	0	0	5	20	
Parvesh Sahib Singh	I	0	29	18	
Ramesh Bidhuri	mesh Bidhuri 0		22	47	
Udit Raj	3	3	42	78	
Total	9	10	330	373	

The above data represents question asked by MPs on crime and police personnel/infrastructure from Budget 2014 to Budget 2015 and Monsoon 2015 to Budget 2016. Maheish Girri has asked maximum questions, 4 in above mention sessions while Manoj Tiwari has not asked even a single question on crime.

Total questions asked during Budget 2014 to Budget 2015 were 330 from which only 9 were on crime and 10 questions from 373 asked during Monsoon 2015 to Budget 2016 were on crime.

Praja in News



The Statesman

PRAJA FOUNDATION FINDINGS REVEAU WOWEN, CHILDREN AND SENIOR CITIZENS ARETHE MOST VULNERABLE



मैर सरकारी संगठन प्रजा फाउंडेशन के सर्वे में चौंकाने वाले तथ्य सामने आए, 60 फीसदी आबादी खुद को सुरक्षित महसूस नहीं करती

राजधानी में रोजाना छह दुष्कर्म और दो कत्ल होते हैं



न्हें दिल्ली प्रमुख संबद्धात

रिपोर्ट

राजधारी में रिजाना हार बलात्यार की घटनाएं होती हैं और दो लोगों का करत भार दिया ज्याम है। इसके अस्त्रका प्रतिहित 215 कोरी की बारधन सामने आ रही हैं। एक गैर-सरकारी संगठन की रिपोर्ट में यह बुलासा हुआ है।

प्रमा पतांदेशन द्वारा मिए गए सर्वे से पता चला है कि दिल्ली की 60 फीसरी

जानती सुद को मूर्गधन महसून नहीं करती। अगर महिलाओं भी बात करें ते 67 प्रोसवी लोच बारते हैं कि उनके लिए ने राष्ट्रीय राजधानी कर्ता सुरक्षित करी है। फाउंडेशन ने बुधवार की जारी अपनी नामिक रिपोर्ट में ने तक्य तजागर किए हैं।

फाउंग्रेजन के संस्थापक निवाई गेहका का करना है,कि हमें नीतियों में परिवर्शन कार्य के लिए सरकार पर दक्षण डालना होगा। हाईकीर्ट ने किल्लो में बरन्य-व्यवस्था को सुधारने के लिए पहले ही पुलिस सुधारों को सूची तैयार कर रखी है। जन सुधाओं पर अधान बोजा नाविए।

हैरान करते आंकडें

40% की बी, विक्रते सात कुळन के जो पामले सम्पने आए

2338 बन्तरकार के मामने सामने आग थे 2015 में दिल्ली व

2075 मामले दर्ज हुए से वर्ज 2014 8067 मानते दर्ज किए गए हैं फ़िल्दे को संस्थारी के

हमार से अधिक परिवारों के सदस्यों से पुछे गर सवालें पर आधारित है रिपोर्ट

लोग मोहलते में महिलाओं, 67% वाज मकारा म मानवाजा. वाजी और वरित्र नामरिको क लिए असुरक्ष महसूस करते हैं

लेगें का करन है कि 64% राजधानी व कुपना सुरक्षित

25% लोग खुद के राज आरता होने घर भी पुलिस की सुवित नहीं करते

पुलिस के कामकान के तरीको पर सवाल उठाए

संस्था के परियोजना निर्देशक विशिष्ट महरूके ने कहा, सीम राज्य सरकार से अवनी सुरक्षा की जम्मीद खोते जा रहें हैं। सांसदी की भी इसमें कोई काँच रहीं है। इन सांसदी में दिल्ली में आगरण और पुलिस की पुनिका के बड़रे में बाजट संदर् 2014 से बातट संदर्भ 2015 एक सहन में केवल नी प्रथम बद्धाए थे। मानसून सम. 2015 में बाउट सार. 2016 सक केवल दश प्रश्न ही पूछे गए। उन्होंने कहा कि पुलिसकॉमिटी के विकास 2015 में 12993 विकासने दर्ज करड़े नर्द थी। इनमें से केवल साथ ही मामले में आरोप पंच दाखिल किया छवा।



Graph 2: Perception of Safety in Delhi

60% Delhi Citizens feel in

Delhi Citizens feel insecure in their own city

64%

of people do not feel secure while travelling from one place to another within the city

67%

of people do not feel secure for women, children and senior citizens

60 फीसदी दिल्ली वाले महसूस करते हैं असुरक्षित



भी पिताली कु कामार पहुँची हैं में साम प्रत्य की प्रत्य के प्रत्य

2014 में बलात्कार के दर्ज कराए गए कुल मामले थे 2075 2015 में, दर्ज कराए गए बलात्कार के मामले 2338 से गए 2015 में, संध्यारी के दर्ज कराए गए मामलों की संख्या 13,577 मूट और डकैठी की दर्ज कराई शिकायतों की संख्या 8067 थी

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Status on Police Reforms

Since the formation of the AAP government, State Security Commission has not been formed as per the Supreme Court order given ten years back on the 22nd of September 2006.



What Needs To Be Done

- Implementation of Police Reforms suggested by the supreme courts both in letter and spirit.
- Constitute the State Security Commission.
- Enforce strict compliance of regulations through Police Complaints Authority.
- Investigation and law & order needs to be separated
- Strengthen and where necessary create infrastructure for continuous training, forensic labs, crime mapping and crime forecasting.
- Create an awareness campaign against sexual abuse of the children with all the stakeholders i.e. children, parents, schools and colleges.
- Elected Representatives need to get more involved by questioning the government on law & order and security and at the local level to build confidence amongst citizens that the police is for their safety and security.
- Improve image of police in the minds of common citizens by actively implementing confidence building activities between community based organisations and citizen groups such as RWAs (Resident Welfare Association) and police.



Watch out for our next Newsletter for State of Public (School) Education In Delhi

То				

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